

analysis to advance the health of vulnerable populations

Advancing Health Equity through the CHNA/Implementation Strategy Process

June 24, 2014

Gayle D. Nelson, JD, MPH

ASTHO Webinar

Community Health Needs Assessments:

A Tool for Achieving Health Equity



CHNA/Implementation Strategy Process

Not *just* CHNA. Also includes

Prioritizing identified health needs
Implementation strategy development
Evaluation



What is Health Equity?

"...when everyone has the opportunity to attain their full health potential and no one is disadvantaged from achieving this potential because of their social position or other socially determined circumstance."

Promoting Health Equity: A Resource to Help Communities Address Social Determinants of Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <u>http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dch/programs/healthycommunitiesprogram/tools/pdf/SDOH-workbook.pdf</u>

-3-



Connection to CHNA/ Implementation Strategy Process

A primary approach to achieving health equity is to address the social determinants of health



Relative Impact of Health Determinants on Population Health



Based on: Tarlov, A. (1999). Public policy frameworks for improving population health. *Ann N Y Acad Sci., 896,* 281-93.



Basic Propositions

- Common interest
- Hospitals must follow requirements of federal CHNA/Implementation Strategy Process
- One such requirement is that hospitals "must take into account" health agency input into the Community Health Needs Assessment



Basic Propositions continued

CHNA/Implementation Strategy Process affords public health agencies three additional opportunities to advance health equity



Hospital Community Benefits

Initiatives, activities, and investments undertaken by tax-exempt hospitals to improve health in the communities they serve

Condition of tax exemption



Federal Oversight

- ACA §9007 Additional Requirements for Charitable Hospitals
- IRS' Proposed rules Community Health Needs Assessments for Charitable Hospitals 78 Fed. Reg. 20523



State Agency Opportunities to Advance Health Equity

- Community Health Needs Assessment
- Prioritization of identified health needs
- Implementation strategy development
- Plan for evaluation



Hospitals must take into account input from

At least one state, local, tribal, or regional public health department

and

 Members of medically underserved, lowincome, and minority populations or their representatives



State Health Agency Input could relate to:

- A broad social determinants/policy perspective
- Specific health equity/health disparities policies they would like to see advanced
- Policy-relevant data
- Assistance in identifying additional data, if needed

🕿 The Hilltop Institute

State Health Agency Role: Prioritizing Needs

Significant needs are key



State Health Agency Role: Implementation Strategy

 Final Implementation Strategy contains initiatives addressing social determinants related to the state agency's health equity goals



State Health Agency Role: Evaluation

State Health Agencies could assist in evaluating programs and activities that advance health equity



Hospital Community Benefit State Law Profiles

http://www.hilltopinstitute.org/hcbp_cbl.cfm

Community Benefit State Law Profiles A 50-State Survey of State Community Benefit Laws through the Lens of the ACA About the Profiles State Profile Comparison Issue Briefs: The State Law Landscape Policy Implications of the State Law Landscape Alabama Hawaii Massachusetts New Mexico South Dakota Alaska Idaho Tennessee Michigan New York Arizona Illinois Minnesota North Carolina Texas Utah Arkansas Indiana Mississippi North Dakota



-16-

State Profile Comparison

	To see which states have a particular requirement, click on a symbol in the top (yellow) row. For detailed information about the requirement of a state, click on the symbol in the field at the intersection of the state's row and the requirement's column. For example, to read about Alabama's tassistance policy dissemination requirement, click on the square in the field at the intersection of the Alabama row and the Financial Assistance Dissemination column to open a new browser window showing the relevant text in the Alabama profile.										financial	
Select All States		 Unconditional community benefit requirement Conditional community benefit requirement Requirement (either conditional or unconditional) Blank = No requirement 								State tax exemption X No state tax exemption Blank = State does not impose this tax		
Compare	State	Community Benefit Requirement	Mandatory Minimum Community Benefit Requirement	Community Benefit Reporting Requirement	Community Health Needs Assessment	Community Benefits Plan/ Implementation Strategy	Financial Assistance Policy	Financial Assistance Policy Dissemination	Limitations on Charges, Billing, and Collections	Income Tax Exemption	Property Tax Exemption	Sales Tax Exemptio
	Select:	• 0								×		×
	California	•								-		×
	Illinois	0								-		
	Indiana	•										
	Maryland	•										
	New Hampshire	•								-	-	
	New York	0										
	Rhode Island	0								-	-	×
	Texas	0										
	Vermont											
	Washington	•								×		×

Compare States



Maryland Profile

MARYLAND

Community Benefit Requirement

Maryland requires nonprofit hospitals to provide free or discounted care based on need to specified populations. <u>Md. Code Ann. Health-Gen. §19-214-1(b); COMAR 10.09.37.26</u>.

Minimum Community Benefit Requirement

Maryland does not specify a minimum level of community benefits that a nonprofit hospital must provide.

Community Benefit Reporting Requirement

Maryland requires that each nonprofit hospital submit an annual community benefit report to the <u>Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission</u> (HSCRC).

Maryland requires that each nonprofit hospital's annual community benefit report include the hospital's mission statement and a list of each community benefit initiative undertaken by the hospital, a specification of its cost and objectives, and a description of the hospital's efforts to evaluate the initiative's effectiveness. Each hospital's community benefit report must also include descriptions of gaps in the availability of specialist providers to serve the uninsured and of the hospital's efforts to track and reduce health disparities in the community that the hospital serves. Md. Code Ann. Health-Gen., <u>\$19-303(c)</u>.

The HSCRC compiles all of the individual hospital community benefit reports into a consolidated Nonprofit Hospital Community Benefit Report for posting on its website. The report also includes a list of the unmet community needs identified in the most recent community needs assessment conducted by the state health department and by the local health department in each jurisdiction. <u>Md. Code Ann.</u> <u>Health-Gen., §; 19-303(d)</u>.

Community Health Needs Assessment

Maryland requires nonprofit hospitals to conduct community health needs assessments.

Maryland law requires that each nonprofit hospital identify the health care needs of its community and, as part of the needs assessment process, consider the most recent community needs assessments developed by the state health department or by the local health department for the jurisdiction in which the hospital is located. Maryland law also provides that a hospital's needs assessment process "may" include consultation with community leaders, local health care providers, and "any appropriate person who can assist the hospital in identifying community health needs." Md. Code Ann. Health-Gen., §19-303(b).



Conclusion

State health agencies can use federal CHNA/Implementation Strategy Process to promote health equity and to reduce health disparities



About Hilltop's Hospital Community Benefit Program

Hilltop's Hospital Community Benefit Program is a resource for state and local policymakers who seek to ensure that tax-exempt hospital community benefit activities are responsive to pressing community health needs. The program provides tools to these and other stakeholders in support of their efforts to improve population health and to promote a more accessible, coordinated, and equitable community health system.

http://www.hilltopinstitute.org/hcbp.cfm



About The Hilltop Institute

The Hilltop Institute at UMBC is a non-partisan health research organization—with an expertise in Medicaid and in improving publicly financed health care systems dedicated to advancing the health and wellbeing of vulnerable populations. Hilltop conducts research, analysis, and evaluations on behalf of government agencies, foundations, and nonprofit organizations at the national, state, and local levels. Hilltop is committed to addressing complex issues through informed, objective, and innovative research and analysis.

www.hilltopinstitute.org



Contact Information

Gayle D. Nelson

Director, Hospital Community Benefit Program

The Hilltop Institute

University of Maryland, Baltimore County (UMBC)

410.455.6803

gnelson@hilltop.umbc.edu

