



# Maryland's New All-Payer Model: What a Revolution Feels Like

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# The New All Payer Model

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- ▶ Growth in hospital revenues capped at 3.58% a year plus population growth.
- ▶ Larger savings for Medicare (\$330 million over 5 years compared to growth for the rest of the country).
- ▶ Global revenue caps for all hospitals in the state for almost all hospital programs except physicians.
- ▶ Proposal due in 2017 to extend the model to all health care costs in Maryland.

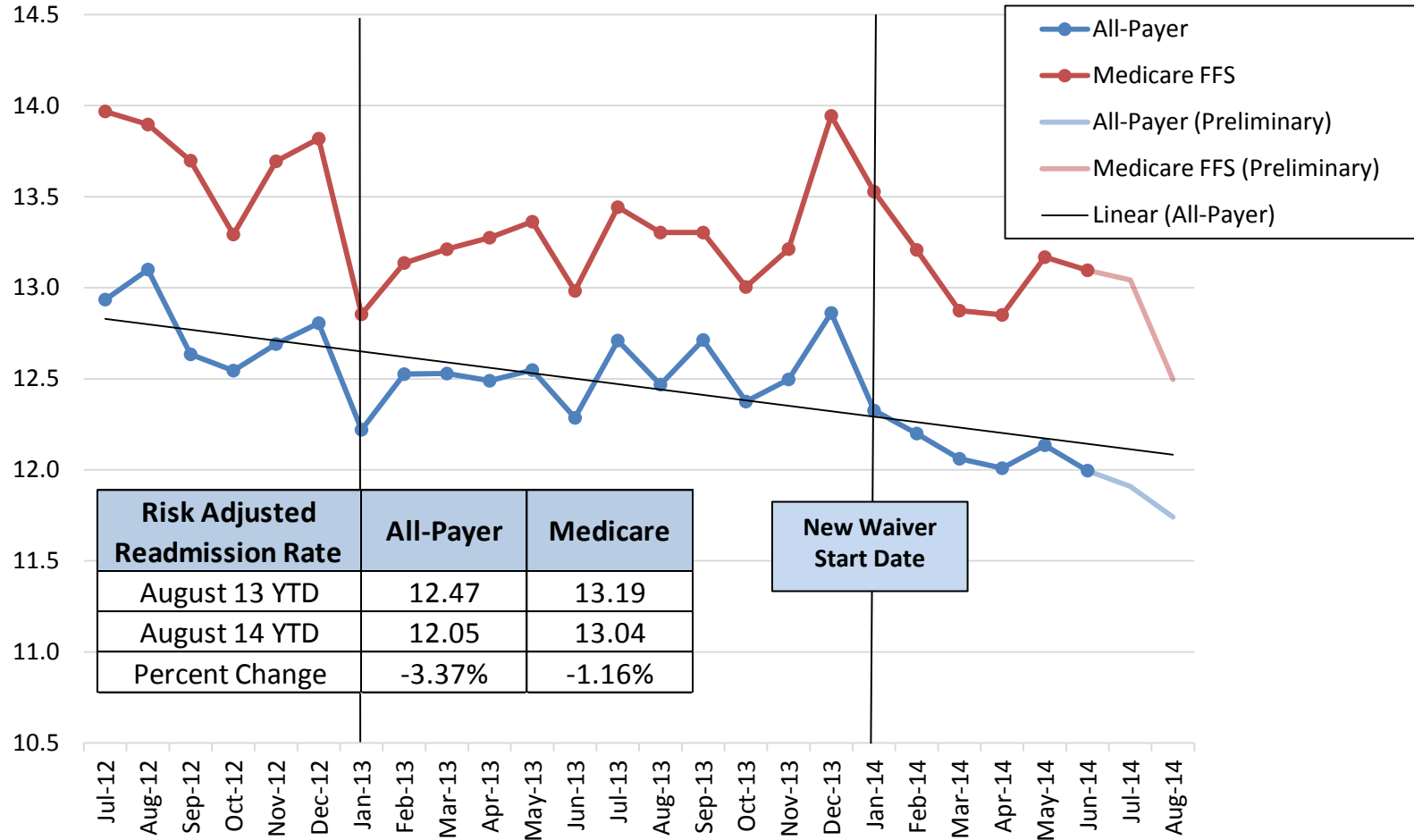
# The Fundamental Theorem

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The required savings can be achieved by

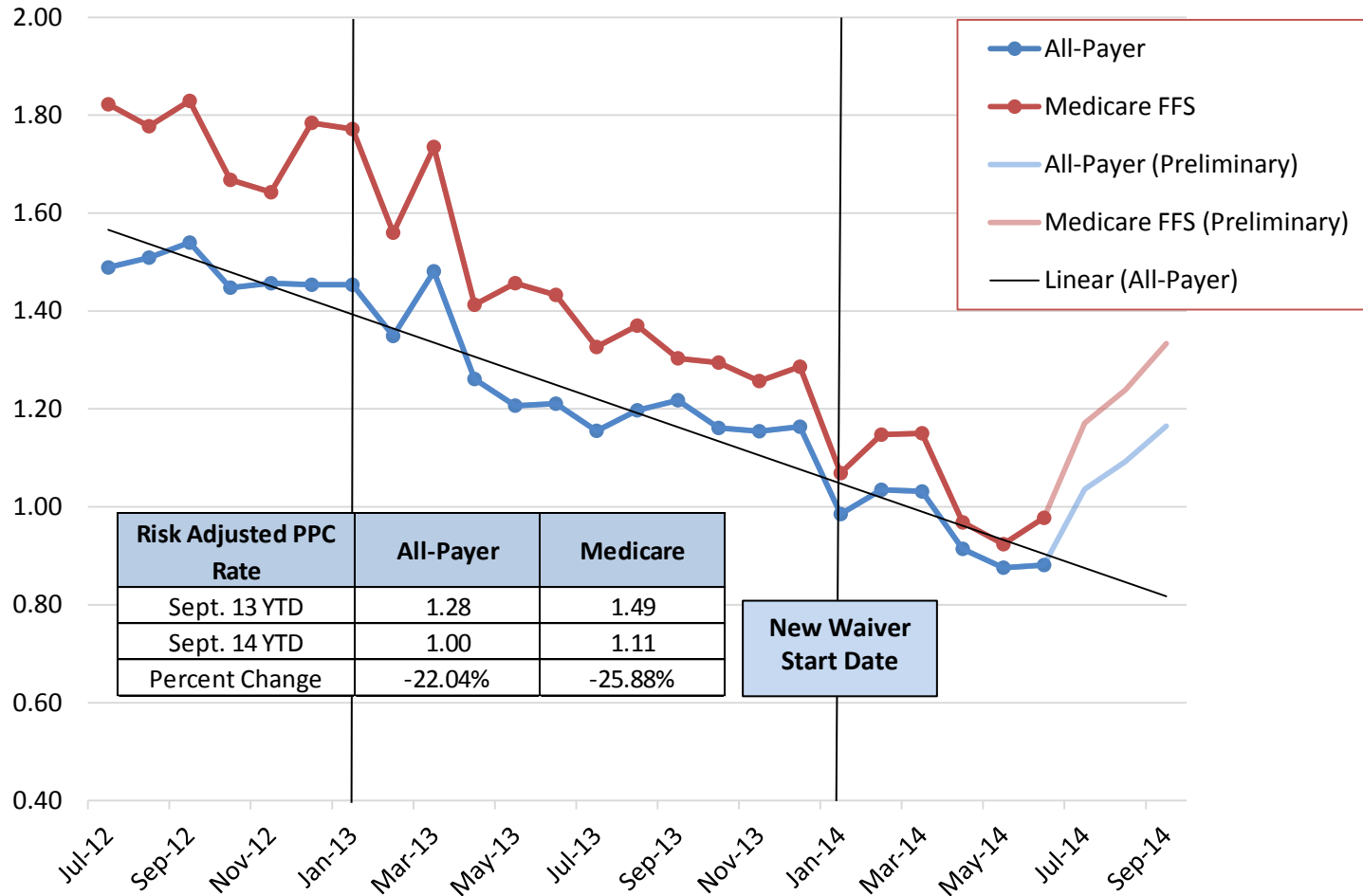
- ▶ Reducing care that is bad for patients such as healthcare-acquired conditions, readmissions, and prevention quality indicator admissions, and
- ▶ Increasing care that is good for patients such as prevention, effective management of chronic disease, and care that is responsive to patient and family preferences.

# Monthly Risk-Adjusted Readmission Rates



Note: Based on final data for January 2013 - June 2014 and preliminary data for July -September 2014.

# Monthly Risk-Adjusted PPC Rates



Note: Based on final data for January 2013 - June 2014 and preliminary data for July - September 2014.

# HSCRC Core Mission

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- ▶ Core mission is to set rates that allow an efficient hospital to be profitable and to assure that the services justify the rates – that is, are of adequate quality.
- ▶ Uses an advisory council and workgroups to help it find the best ways.
- ▶ HSCRC has responsibility and statutory authority to make this model work financially.

# Limits of the Core Mission

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- ▶ HSCRC does not have the statutory authority to require some activities that are vital to clinical success of the new all-payer model.
  - ▶ Alignment of physician and hospital incentives
  - ▶ Coordination of care among providers
  - ▶ Use of patient-owned care plans
- ▶ In these areas HSCRC can only succeed by working with stakeholders and State agencies as a convener, catalyst, and partner.

# HSCRC Partnerships

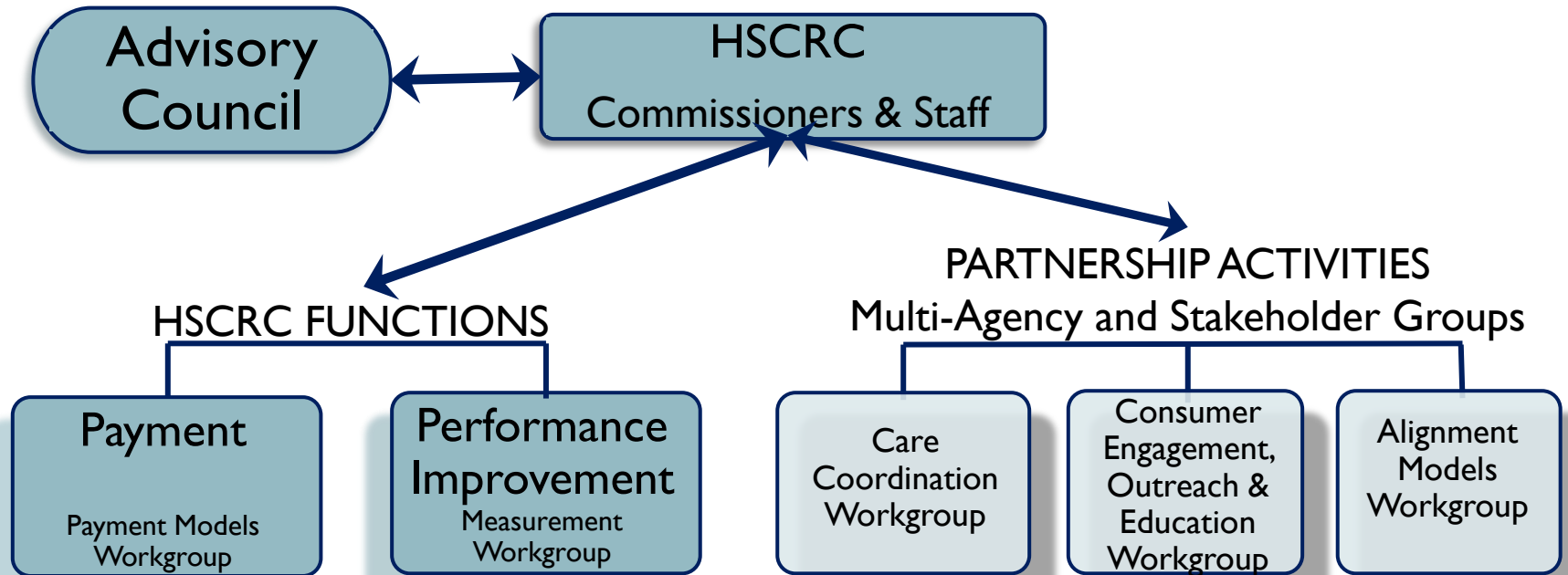
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- ▶ **Care Coordination:** Support short- and long-term strategies to integrate care for the most vulnerable and for all patients.
- ▶ **Clinical Improvement:** Support selected strategies for reducing useless/hazardous services.
- ▶ **Consumer Voice:** Support consumer engagement and skill development
- ▶ **Physician Participation:** Support implementation of physician alignment/engagement models



# Organization for Planning: Phase 2

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